

GigE Vision

Monochrome / Color CMOS PoE Camera

STC-MBS122BPOE (12M / Monochrome)

STC-MCS122BPOE (12M / Color)

Product Specifications and User's Guide

OMRON SENTECH CO., LTD.



Table of Contents

1	Product Precautions	8
2	Warranty	8
3	Software Licensing	9
3.′	LWIP TCP/IP Licensing	9
4	Overview	. 10
4.′	l Features	10
4.2	Product Number Naming Method	10
5	Specifications	11
5.′	l Electronic Specifications	11
5.2	2 Spectral Sensitivity Characteristics	13
5.2	2.1 STC-MBS122BPOE	13
5.2		13
5.2		
5.3	B Mechanical Specifications	14
5.4	Environmental Specifications	15
6	Connector Specifications	. 16
6.′	RJ45 Connector	16
6.2	Power and Control Signal Connector	17
6.2	2.1 Opto-isolated input	19
6.2	2.2 Opto-isolated output	19
6.2		
6.2	1 1 0 0 1	
6.2	1 1 5 5 7	
6.2		
	2.6.1 External Trigger Signal Delay (Positive polarity trigger signal)	
	2.6.2 External Trigger Signal Delay (Negative polarity trigger signal)	… ∠პ ი⊿
	2.6.4 Measured External Trigger Signal Delay through Open Collector GPIO Port (Line 2)	

OMRON

7	Dimensions	
7.1	STC-MBS122BPOE	26
7.2	STC-MCS122BPOE	27
8	Sensor Information	28
8.1	l Pixel Transferring Image	28
9	Camera Operational Modes	29
9.1	l Normal Mode	29
9.2	Pulse width trigger mode	30
9.2	2.1 Timing	30
9.2		
9.2	2.3 Exposure Timing with Negative Polarity Trigger Signal	32
9.3	B Edge Preset Trigger Mode	33
9.3	3.1 Timing	33
9.3		34
9.3	8.3 Exposure Timing with the Negative Polarity Trigger signal	34
9.4	Edge Preset Trigger Mode (Trigger input while image is out)	35
9.4	l.1 Timing	35
10	Camera Functions	36
10	.1 Save and load the camera settings	36
10.	.1.1 Saving Camera Settings	36
-	.1.2 Loading Camera Settings	37
	1.3 Loading Camera Settings when Camera Power is on	
	.1.4 Camera Settings Initialization	
10	.2 Frame rate	38
10	.3 Gain	38
	.3.1 Analog Gain	
	.3.2 Digital Gain	
10	.4 Exposure Time	39
10	.5 Black Level	39
10	.6 ALC (Auto Light Control)	40

OMRON

10.6.1	ALC control method	41
10.6.2	AGC (Auto Gain Contorl)	
10.6.3 10.6.4	Auto shutter ALC settings procedure	
	• .	
10.7	White balance (Only available for color camera)	
10.7.1	White balance control methods	
10.7.2 10.7.3	White balance control method selectionWhite balance calculate region setting	
10.7.5	Gamma correction	
10.0	Gamma correction	47
10.9	ROI (Region of Interest)	47
10.10	Pixel Format	48
10.11	Decimation	48
10.12	Trigger	49
10.12.1	1 Trigger signal processing procedure	49
10.13	Image Flip	50
10.14	LUT Control	50
10.15	Flat Field Correction Function	51
10.15.1	1 FFC function procedure	52
10.16	Defective pixel correction	53
10.17	Counter And Timer Control	54
10.18	Event Control	55
10.19	Chunk Control	56
10.20	Action Control	56
10.21	IEEE1588	57
11 Ge	enlCam command	59
11.1	DeviceControl	59
11.2	ImageFormatControl	61
11.3	AcquisitionControl	62
11.4	AnalogControl	63



11.5	LUTControl	
11.6	Flat Field Correction Control	64
11.7	DigitallOControl	65
11.8	LogicBlockControl	65
11.9	SoftwareSignalControl	65
11.10	CounterAndTimerControl	66
11.11	EventControl	67
11.12	UserSetControl	67
11.13	ChunkDataControl	68
11.14	ActionControl	68
11.15	FileAccessControl	69
11.16	TestControl	69
11.17	TransportLayerControl	70
12 Re	evision History	72



Precautions for safe use

Please read carefully this "Precautions for safe use" before use the camera. Then the camera uses correctly with agreeing with below notes.

In this "Precautions for safe use", notes divides into "Warning" and "Caution" to use the camera safety and prevent to harm and damage.

⚠ Warning	This shows, assumption for possibility of serious accident leading death or serious injury if ignore this note and camera uses incorrectly.	
	This shows, assumption for possibility of bear the damage or physical damage if ignore this note and camera uses incorrectly.	

About Graphic symbols



This symbol shows general prohibition.



This symbol shows completion or instruction.

[Environment / condition]

Warning



Do not use flammable or explosiveness atmospheres.





Do not use for "safety for human body" related usage.

This camera is designed for use "do not harm human body immediately" if by any chance the camera has malfunction.







Use and store under specified environmental conditions (Vibration, shock, temperature, humidity) in the specifications for this camera. This will cause of fire or damage the camera.

[Installation and cable wiring]

Warning



Do not use with out of power voltage range that is specified in the specifications for this

This will cause of fire, electrification or malfunction.



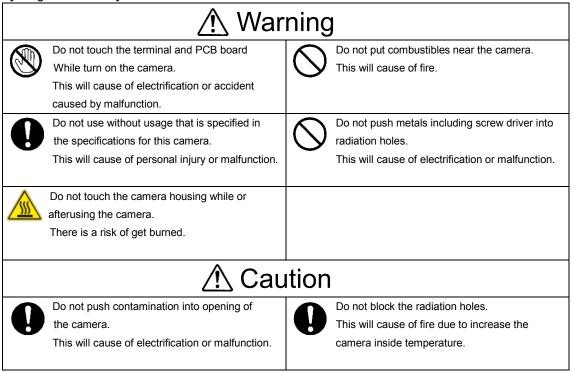
Do not wrong wiring.

This will cause of fire or malfunction.

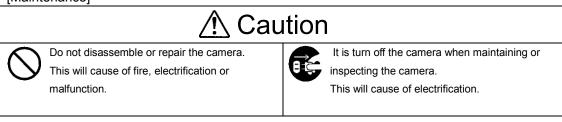
OMRON

Caution The camera housing and 0 V line of camera It is necessary to wiring and mounting that is inside circuit are isolated. specified in the specifications for this camera. There is a risk of short circuit between camera This will cause of fire or malfunction. inside ciurcuit and frame ground through other devices. This will cause of malfunction. It is necessary to wiring with turn off the camera. It is necessary to mounting the camera without This will cause of electrification or malfunction. stress for the cable. This will case of electrification or fire.

[Usage instruction]



[Maintenance]



[Disposal] A Caution			
It is necessary to dispose as industrial waste.			



1 Product Precautions

- Do not give shock to the camera.
- Do not haul or damage the camera cable.
- > Do not wrap the camera with any material while using the camera. This will cause the internal camera temperature to increase.
- When the camera moving or using the place that temperature difference is extreme, countermeasure for dew condensation (heat removal / cold removal) is necessary.
- While the camera is not using, keep the lens cap on the camera to prevent dust or contamination from getting in the sensor or filter and scratching or damaging it.

Do not keep the camera under the following conditions.

- · In wet, moist, high humidity or dusty place
- · Under direct sunlight
- · In extreme high or low temperature place
- · Near an object that releases a strong magnetic or electric filed
- Place with strong vibrations
- Apply the power that satisfies the specified in specifications for the camera.
- The defective pixels may appear due to the sensor characteristics.
- Use below recommend materials (or equivalent materials) to clean the surface of glass.
 - · Air dust: Non Freon air duster (NAKABAYASHI Co., LTD.)
 - · Alcohol: Propan-2-ol (SAN'El KAKO Co., LTD.)
 - Non-woven: nikowipe clean room (NKB)
- Use a soft cloth to clean the camera.

2 Warranty

■Warranty period

One year after delivery (However, the camera had malfunction with camera uses correctly) In below case for a fee even within warranty period.

- The malfunction caused by incorrect usage, incorrect modify or repair.
- The malfunction caused by external shock including the camera dropping after delivery the camera.
- The malfunction caused by fire, earthquake, flood disaster, thunderbolt struck, other natural disaster or wrong voltage.

■Warranty coverage

Exchange or repair the malfunction camera if the malfunction is occurred by our responsibility.

"Warranty" mean is warranty for the delivered camera itself. Please accept the induction damage by the camera malfunction is not included.



3 Software Licensing

3.1 LWIP TCP/IP Licensing

The software in this camera includes LWIP TCP/IP implementation. The copyright information is

Copyright (c) 2001-2004 Swedish Institute of Computer Science. All rights reserved.

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

- 1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
- 2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.
- 3. The name of the author may not be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission.

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE AUTHOR ``AS IS AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHOR BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.



4 Overview

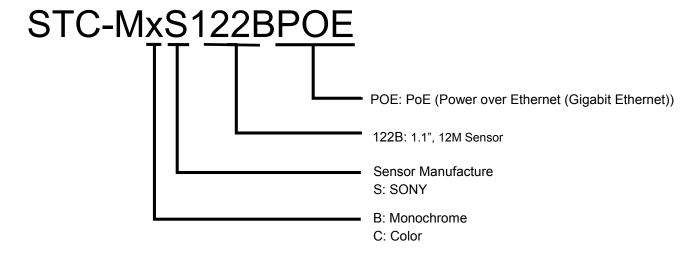
This document describes the specification of the following cameras:

STC-MBS122BPOE / STC-MCS122BPOE

4.1 Features

- GigE Interface
- Support PoE (Power over Ethernet)
- Small robust camera housing
- Maximum frame rate (Full resolution): 8.9 fps @ 12M 8bits
- CMOS (Global Shutter)
- Up to 2,048 Defective Pixel Correction (Default: ON)
- 8bits, 10bits, 12bits output

4.2 Product Number Naming Method





5 Specifications

5.1 Electronic Specifications

Product		STC-MBS122BPOE	STC-MCS122BPOE	
Image Sensor		1.1" 12M Progressive Monochrome CMOS	1.1" 12M Progressive Color CMOS	
		(SONY: IMX304) (SONY: IMX304)		
Shutter T	уре	Global S	Shutter	
Active Pi	cture Elements	4,096 (H) x	3,000 (V)	
Cell Size		3.45 (H) x 3	.45 (V) μm	
Scanning	g Mode	Full scanning (Full	resolution) / ROI	
Frame ra	ate (at full scanning)	8bits: 8.9 fps / 10bits: 4.4 fp	os / 10bits Packed: 5.9 fps /	
		12bits: 4.4 fps / 12bits Pack	ed: 5.9 fps / RGB8: 2.9 fps	
		Maximum frame rate: : 82	9.9 fps @ 4 lines (8bits)	
ADC bit o	depth	12b	its	
Image O	utput Format	Mono8 / Mono10 / Mono10Packed /	Mono8 / Mono10 / Mono10Packed /	
		Mono12 / Mono12Packed	Mono12 / Mono12Packed /	
			BayerRG8 / BayerRG10 / BayerRG10Packed /	
			BayerRG12 / BayerRG12Packed / RGB8	
Noise	8bits output	Less than 3.0 diç	gits (Gain 0 dB)	
Level	10bits / 10bits Packed output	Less than 12.0 digits (Gain 0 dB)		
	12bits / 12bits Packed output	Less than 48.0 di	gits (Gain 0 dB)	
Sensitivit	ty (*1)	430 Lux	850 Lux	
Exposure	e Time	1 µseconds to 16.777 seconds (Default: 111,291 µseconds)		
Gain Analog Gain		0 to 20.8 dB (Default: 0 dB)		
	Digital Gain	x1 to x3 (Default: x1)		
ROI		Horizontal: 264 to 4,096 pixels, Vertical: 4 to 3,000 lines (Default: 4,096 x 3,000)		
		Adjustable steps for size: 8 pixels in horizontal direction and 4 lines in vertical direction		
		Adjustable steps for offset: 8 pixels in horizontal direction and 4 lines in vertical direction		
Gamma		Gamma 0.1 to 4.0 (Default: 1.0)		
Binning		N/A		
Decimati	on	Horizontal and Vertical decimation (2x2) / Off		
Image Fl	ip	Horizontal / Vertical / Horizontal and Vertical / Off		
Defective	e Pixel Correction	Up to 2,048 point	s (Default: On)	
Auto Auto Exposure		Support (De	fault: Off)	
Image	Auto Gain	Support (De	fault: Off)	
Control	Auto White Balance	N/A	Auto / Manual / Push to Set	
Operational Mode		Edge preset trigger / Pulse width trigger / Free run		
Interface		PoE: IEEE802.3af CLASS2 (1000BASE-T)		
Protocol		GigE Vision 2.1 and GenlCam SFNC 2.4, IEEE1588 (PTP)		
I/O		One opto-isolated input, one opto-isolated output and one open collector GPIO (Input or output)		
Power	Input Voltage (*2)	+10.8 to +26.4 Vdc External power (via 6 pin connector) /		
		Power Over Ethernet (IEEE802.3af)		
	Consumption	+12 V / +24 V: 4.1 W, PoE: 4.4 W		
	•			

Default: Bold



Precautions

(*1) The sensitivity is measuring the luminance when white level achieved 100 % in below conditions.

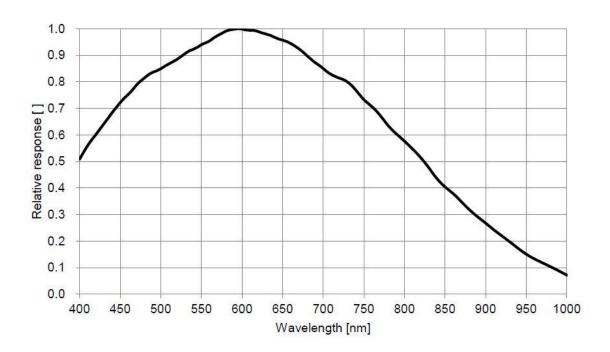
Camera Setting		Environment	
Parameter	Setting	Parameter	Setting
Gain Up	0 dB	Light Source	Light Box (White)
AGC	Off	Color temperature	5,100K
White Balance	Optimum	Lens	
Electrical Shutter	1/30 seconds	F on Lens	F5.6
Black Level	Optimum	Target Luminance	IM-600 (Topcon)
Gamma	Factory Setting		

(*2) The camera operates with external power when power suppling by external power supply and PoE to camera at same time.

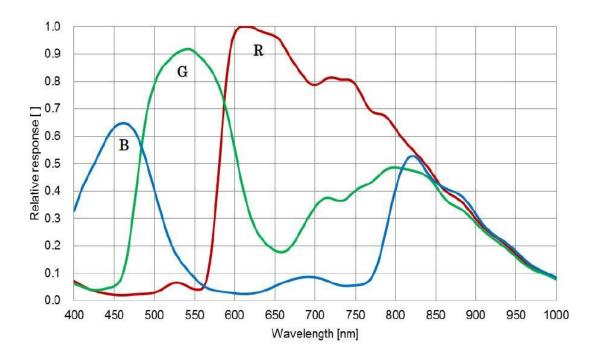


5.2 Spectral Sensitivity Characteristics

5.2.1 STC-MBS122BPOE

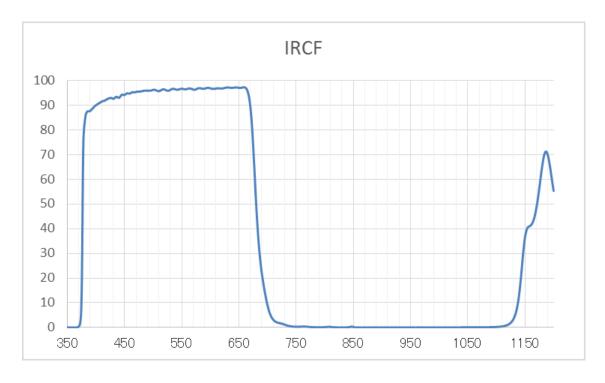


5.2.2 STC-MCS122BPOE (without IR Cut Filter)



OMRON

5.2.3 IR Cut Filter (STC-MCS122BPOE)



5.3 Mechanical Specifications

Model Number	STC-MBS122BPOE	STC-MCS122BPOE	
Dimensions	40 (W) x 30 (H) x	54.5 (D) mm (*1)	
Optical Filter	No Optical Filter IR Cut Filter		
Optical Center Accuracy	Positional accuracy in Horizontal a	Positional accuracy in Horizontal and Vertical directions: +/- 0.5 mm	
	Rotational accuracy of Horizontal and Vertical: +/- 1.5 deg.		
Material	Aluminum Alloy (AC)		
Lens Mount	C mount		
Interface Connectors	Ethernet connector: RJ45 connector		
	Power- I/O connector: HR10A-7R-6PB (Hirose) or equivalent		
Camera Mounting	Eight M4 screw holes (Four on top and bottom plates)		
Weight	Approximately 100 g		

^(*1) Excluding the connectors



5.4 Environmental Specifications

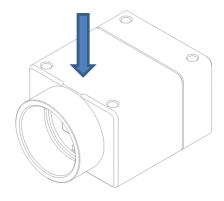
Model Number		STC-MBS122BPOE	STC-MCS122BPOE		
Operational	Minimum	Environmental Temperature: 0 deg. C,		Environmental Temperature: 0 deg. C,	
Temperature /		Environmental Humidity: 0 to	85 %RH (No condensation)		
Humidity	Maximum	Environmental Tempe	erature: +40 deg. C or		
		Camera housing temperature (top pla	ate) shall not exceed +63 deg. C (*1)		
		Environmental Humidity: 0 to	85 %RH (No condensation)		
Storage Temperature / Humidity		Environmental Temperature: -20 to +70 deg. C,			
		Environmental Humidity: 0 to 85 %RH (No condensation)			
Vibration		20 Hz to 200 Hz to 20 Hz (5 min. / cycle), acceleration 10 G, XYZ 3 directions, 30 min. each			
Shock		Acceleration 38 G, half amplitude 6 ms, XYZ 3 directions, 3 times each			
Standard Compliancy		EMS: EN61000-6-2, EMI: EN55011			
RoHS		RoHS Compliance			

(*1) Please insure the camera is installed with the appropriate heat dissipation. If camera has a mounted lens and a tripod with an aluminum plate, this could decrease the camera housing temperature for heat dissipation. When the internal temperature sensor on the camera shows less than 75 deg. C, the camera housing temperature (top plate) will be less than 63 deg. C.

Taking these steps will maintain the heat rating of the electronic components of the camera.

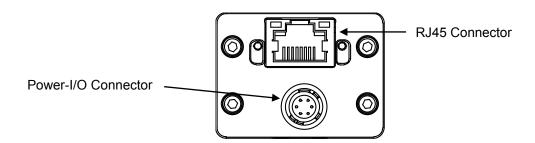
Upper side of camera

Measuring point





6 Connector Specifications



6.1 RJ45 Connector

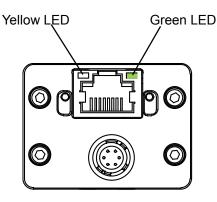
This product is PoE compliant.

<u>Please supply power (+10.8 to +26.4 Vdc) through the power-I/O connector when using non-PoE-compliant NIC.</u>

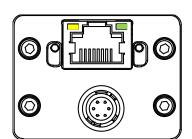
Pin Assignment

Pin No.	Signal Name
1	TA+
2	TA-
3	TB+
4	TC+
5	TC-
6	TB-
7	TD+
8	TD-

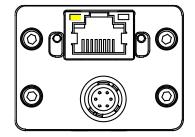
Green LED	Yellow LED	Status
Green Light ON	Yellow Light OFF	Power ON (1GB NIC)
Green Light OFF	Yellow Light OFF	Power ON (100MB NIC)
Green Light ON	Yellow Light Blinking	1 GB Transferring
Green Light OFF	Yellow Light Blinking	100 MB Transferring



Camera is powered-on



Green light: ON Yellow light: Blinking 1 GB Transferring



Green light: OFF Yellow light: Blinking 100 MB Transferring

<u>Please use a 1GB supported NIC, Network Switcher and Ethernet cable.</u>

<u>Check the setting of NIC and Network Switcher being used is "1GB transferring".</u>



6.2 Power and Control Signal Connector

HR10A-7R-6PB (Hirose) or equivalent

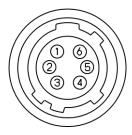
This connector is for the power supply and input / output signals.

The power from this connector is priority power for camera when power supplies through this connector and PoE at same time.

Please use HR10A-7P-6S (Hirose) or equivalent for cable.

Pin assignment

Pin No.	Signal Name	IN / OUT	Voltage
1	POWER IN	IN	+10.8 to +26.4 Vdc
2	Opto-isolated in	IN	Low: Smaller than +1.0 V
	(Line0)		High: +3.0 to +26.4 V
			* Potential difference between
			TRG_in and Opt. Isolated Common
3	Open Collector	IN / OUT	+3.0 to +26.4 V / Open Collector
	GPIO		
	(Line2)		
4	Opto-isolated out	OUT	Open Collector
	(Line1)		
5	Opto-isolated	IN	
	Common		
6	GND	IN	0 V



Configuration of Line2 (Pin No.3) and Line1 (Pin No.4)

Output signal can be assign by GenlCam command.

GenlCam
1) Frame Trigger Wait (Default for all output)
2) Frame Trigger Internal
3) Exposure Active
4) Acquisition Trigger Wait
5) Acquisition Trigger Internal
6) Sensor Read Out
7) Debounced Line 0
8) Debounced Line 2
9) User Output 1
10) User Output 2
11) Timer 0 Active
12) Software Signal 0
13) Software Signal 1
14) Logic Block 0
15) Pulse Per Second



1) Frame Trigger Wait

The condition of camera operation with trigger signal can be check.

"LOW" state of signal is out between "start exposing" to "image out".

2) Frame Trigger Internal

The input trigger signal with the trigger delay (camera internal process delay).

3) Exposure Active

While camera exposing, "HIGH" state of signal is out. The signal state will be "LOW" after finish exposing.

4) Acquisition Trigger Wait

While image transferring from camera to PC, "Low" state of signal is out. The signal state will be "High" after finish image transferring.

5) Acquisition Trigger Internal

The image transferring starts signal is out.

6) Sensor Read Out

FVAL (Frame valid, HIGH state) signal is out.

7) Debounced Line0

Debounced Line0 signal is out.

8) Debounced Line2

Debounced Line2 signal is out.

9) User Output 1 (User Output signal through Line 1)

Selected "HIGH" or "LOW" state of signal is out.

10) User Output 2 (User Output signal through Line 2)

Selected "HIGH" or "LOW" state of signal is out.

11) Timer 0 Active

Selected signal at "Timer Counter" is out.

When signal synchronizing with "Exposure Active" signal, signal can use for strobe control.

12) Software Signal 0

Selected signal for "Software Signal 0" at "Software Signal Control" is out.

13) Software Signal 1

Selected signal for "Software Signal 1" at "Software Signal Control" is out.

14) Logic Block 0

"Logic Block 0" signal is out.

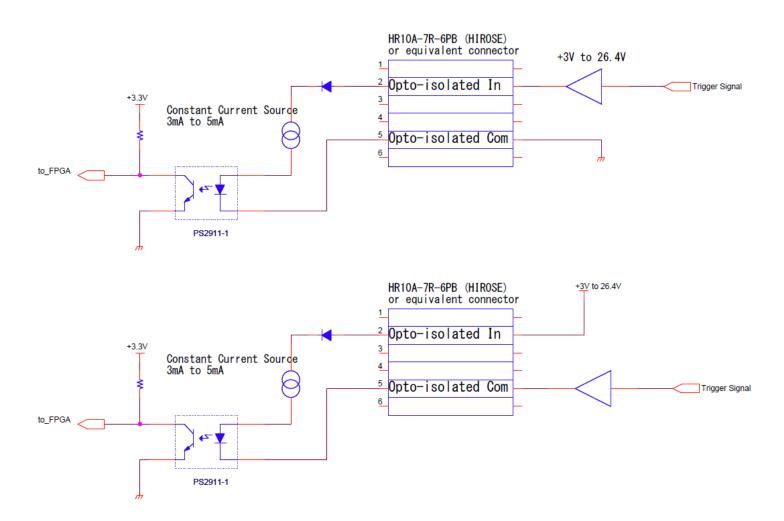
15) Pulse Per Second

"Pulse / second" signal (50% Duty, 1 Hz interval) is out.



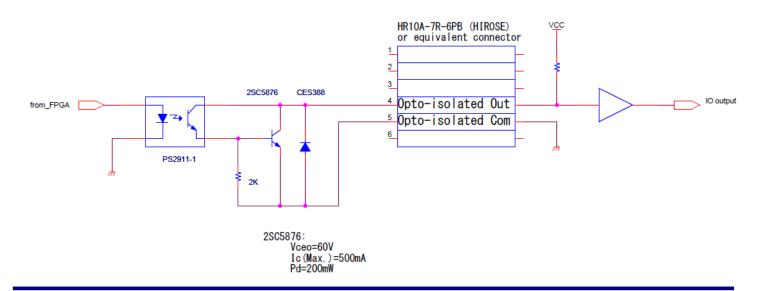
6.2.1 Opto-isolated input

The camera has current limiting circuit on camera. The current limiting resistor does not necessary.



6.2.2 Opto-isolated output

It is necessary to have current limiting resistor at outside of camera, to keep less than 50 mA.





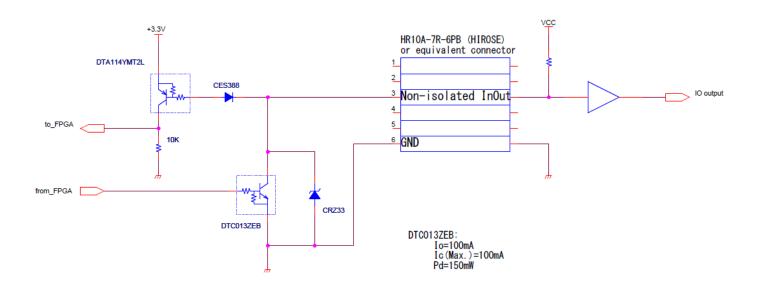
6.2.3 Open Collector GPIO

This GPIO can be used for input or output.

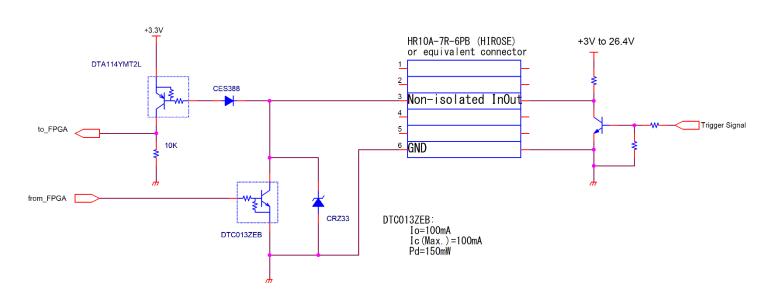
When using as output, it is necessary to have current limiting resistor at outside of camera, to keep current less than 50 mA.

When using as input, current limiting resistor does not necessary. However, camera does not have current limiting circuit on camera. The camera inside circuit may get damage if accidentally uses as output without current limiting resistor. For safety, please add current limiting resistor even use as input.

a) Open Collector GPIO uses as output



b) Open Collector GIPO uses as input

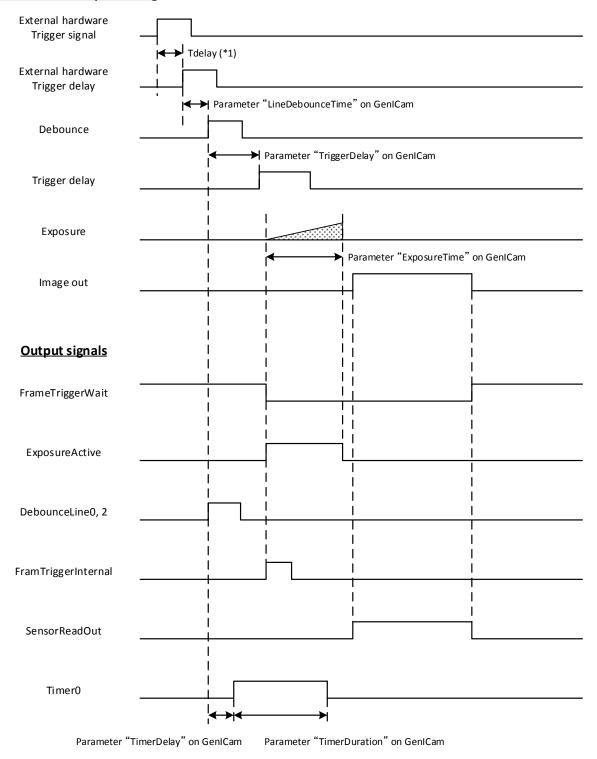




6.2.4 Input and Output Signal Timing (Hardware Trigger)

Case of "External Hardware Trigger", "Timed Exposure Mode" and "Positive Edge Trigger"

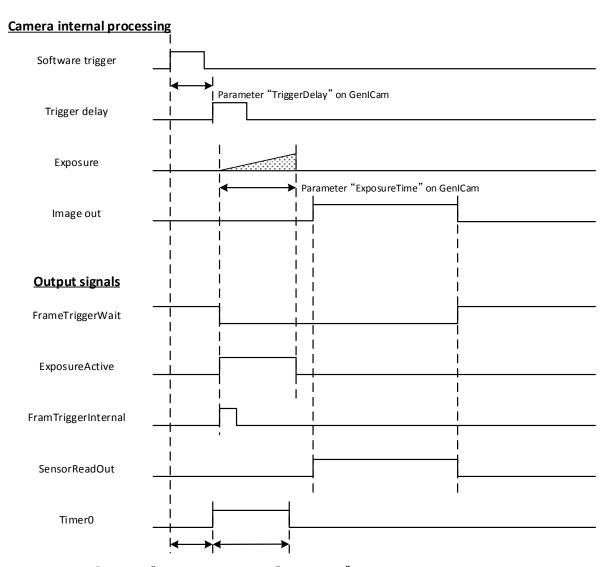
Camera internal processing



(*1) Please refers "5.2.6 External Hardware Trigger Input Delay" for more details about "External hardware trigger delay"



6.2.5 Input and Output Signal Timing (Software Trigger) Case of "Software Trigger", "Timed Exposure Mode" and "Positive Edge Trigger"



Parameter "TimerDelay" on GenlCam Parameter "TimerDuration" on GenlCam

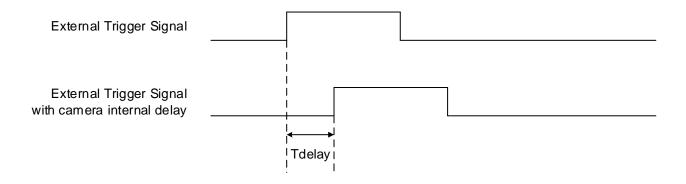


6.2.6 External Hardware Trigger Input Delay

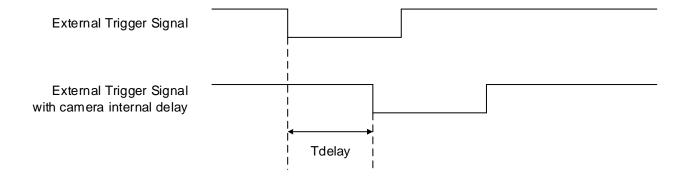
The input trigger signal has some delay inside camera by photo coupler or transistor.

Please refers example measurement of delay in below.

6.2.6.1 External Trigger Signal Delay (Positive polarity trigger signal)



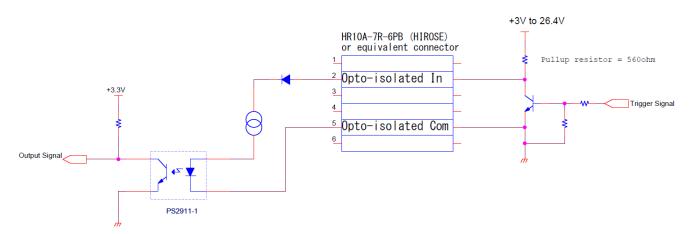
6.2.6.2 External Trigger Signal Delay (Negative polarity trigger signal)





6.2.6.3 Measured External Trigger Signal Delay through Opt-Isolated Port (Line 0)

Measurement circuit



Positive polarity trigger signal

	<u> </u>	
Pull-up voltage	Tdelay	Minimum active pulse duration
+3.3 V	8.2 µseconds	6 µseconds
+12 V	4.6 µseconds	3 µseconds
+24 V	4.4 µseconds	2 µseconds

Negative polarity trigger signal

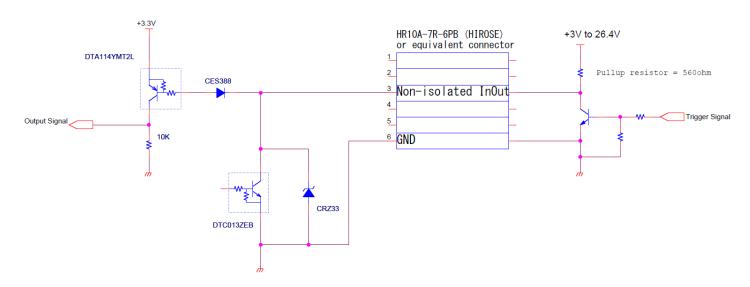
Pull-up voltage	Tdelay	Minimum active pulse duration
+3.3 V	47 µseconds	6 µseconds
+12 V	53.2 µseconds	3 µseconds
+24 V	53.2 µseconds	2 µseconds

Note. Please use this measured delay as reference. The delay time may fluctuate depending on photo coupler variation, pull-up voltage and pull-up resister.



6.2.6.4 Measured External Trigger Signal Delay through Open Collector GPIO Port (Line 2)

Measurement circuit



Positive polarity trigger signal

	00 0	
Pull-up voltage	Tdelay	Minimum active pulse duration
+3.3 V	3.9 µseconds	6 µseconds
+12 V	3.8 µseconds	3 µseconds
+24 V	2.2 µseconds	2 µseconds

Negative polarity trigger signal

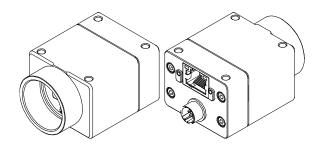
Pull-up voltage	Tdelay	Minimum active pulse duration
+3.3 V	0.6 µseconds	6 µseconds
+12 V	0.8 µseconds	3 µseconds
+24 V	0.8 µseconds	2 µseconds

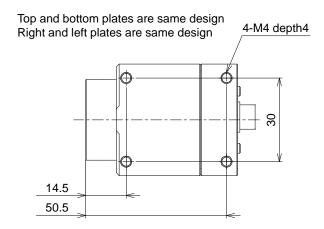
Note. Please use this measured delay as reference. The delay time may fluctuate depending on transistor variation, pull-up voltage and pull-up resister.

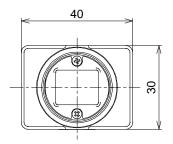


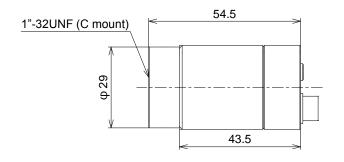
7 Dimensions

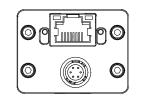
7.1 STC-MBS122BPOE

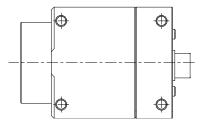








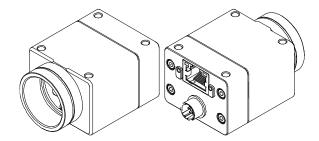




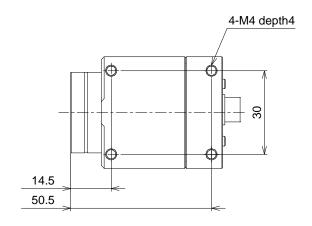
Unit: mm

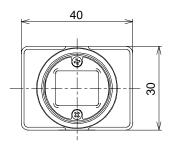
OMRON

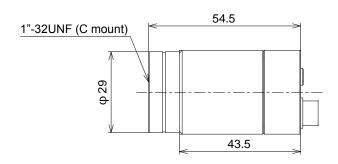
7.2 STC-MCS122BPOE

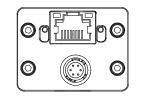


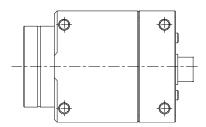
Top and bottom plates are same design Right and left plates are same design











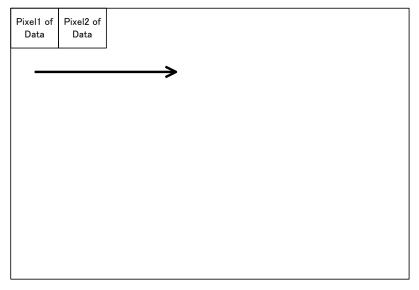
Unit: mm



8 Sensor Information

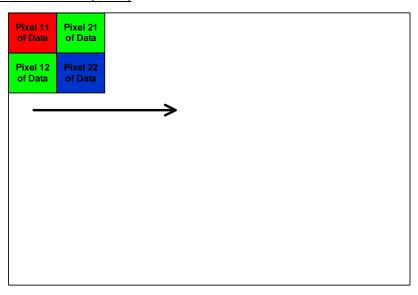
8.1 Pixel Transferring Image

STC-MBS122BPOE (Monochrome)



Pixel (m) of Data: mth pixel being transferred

STC-MCS122BPOE (Color)

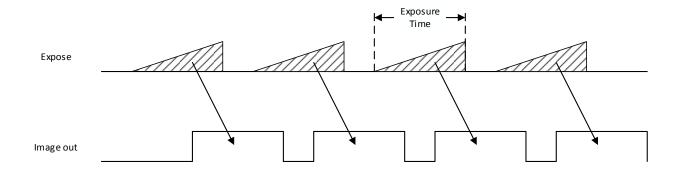


Pixel (m, n) of Data: mth pixel of nth line being transferred



9 Camera Operational Modes

9.1 Normal Mode



^{*} The exposure time for each line is same.

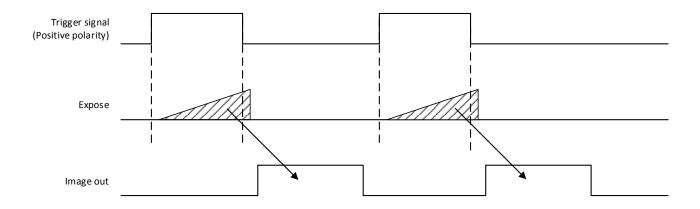


9.2 Pulse width trigger mode

In this trigger mode with positive polarity, the expose starts at rising edge of trigger signal and stops at falling edge of trigger signal. The expose period is high states of trigger signal.

In this trigger mode with negative polarity, the expose starts at falling edge of trigger signal and stops at rising edge of trigger signal. The expose period is low states of trigger signal.

9.2.1 Timing

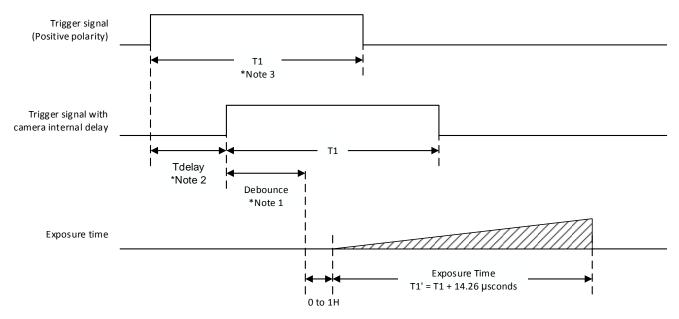


Note: The exposure time is active pulse duration of trigger signal. Please refers "Exposure Timing" for more details.



9.2.2 Exposure Timing with Positive Polarity Trigger Signal

Pixel Format = RGB8: 1H = 28.678 µseconds Pixel Format = Other: 1H = 57.374 µseconds

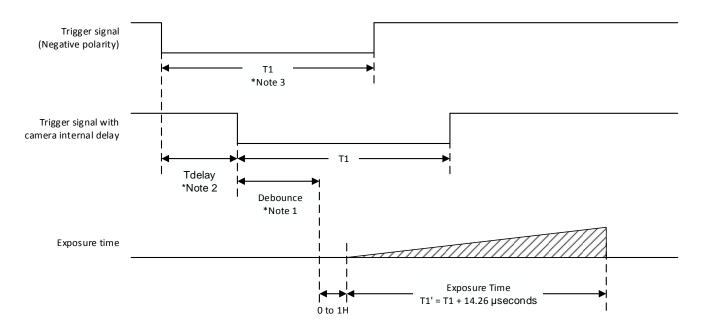


- Note 1: The trigger signal will be removed by filtering if active pulse width of input trigger signal is less than "Line Debounce Time" setting time. Please input trigger signal has more than "Line Debounce Time" time active pulse width trigger signal.
- Note 2: Please refers "5.2.6 External Hardware Trigger Input Delay" for more details about "External hardware trigger delay".
- Note 3: Please refers "5.2.6 External Hardware Trigger Input Delay" for shortest active pulse duration of trigger signal.



9.2.3 Exposure Timing with Negative Polarity Trigger Signal

Pixel Format = RGB8: 1H = 28.678 µseconds Pixel Format = Other: 1H = 57.374 µseconds



- Note 1: The trigger signal will be removed by filtering if active pulse width of input trigger signal is less than "Line Debounce Time" setting time. Please input trigger signal has more than "Line Debounce Time" time active pulse width trigger signal.
- Note 2: Please refers "5.2.6 External Hardware Trigger Input Delay" for more details about "External hardware trigger delay".
- Note 3: Please refers "5.2.6 External Hardware Trigger Input Delay" for shortest active pulse duration of trigger signal.

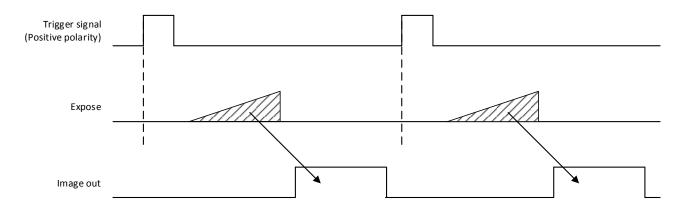


9.3 Edge Preset Trigger Mode

In this trigger mode with positive polarity, the expose starts at rising edge of trigger signal. The exposure duration time is based on preset exposure setting stored by camera setting communication.

In this trigger mode with negative polarity, the expose starts at falling edge of trigger signal. The exposure duration time is based on preset exposure setting stored by camera setting communication.

9.3.1 Timing

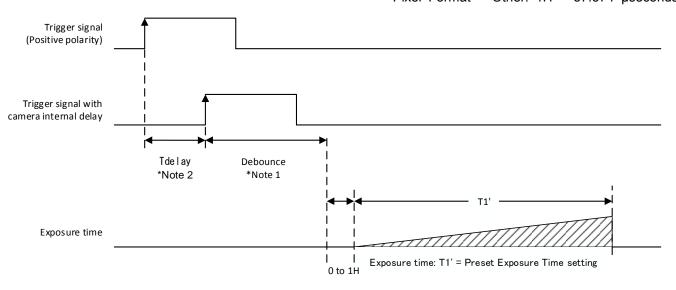


Note: The exposure time is "Exposure Time" on GenICam setting.



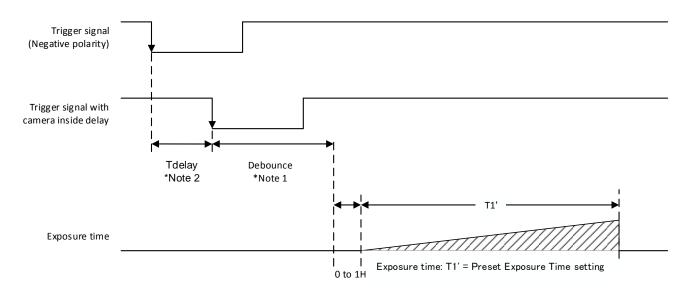
9.3.2 Exposure Timing with Positive Polarity Trigger Signal

Pixel Format = RGB8: 1H = 28.678 µseconds Pixel Format = Other: 1H = 57.374 µseconds



- Note 1: The trigger signal will be removed by filtering if active pulse width of input trigger signal is less than "Line Debounce Time" setting time. Please input trigger signal has more than "Line Debounce Time" time active pulse width trigger signal.
- Note 2: Please refers "5.2.6 External Hardware Trigger Input Delay" for more details about "External hardware trigger delay".
 - 9.3.3 Exposure Timing with the Negative Polarity Trigger signal

Pixel Format = RGB8: 1H = 28.678 µseconds Pixel Format = Other: 1H = 57.374 µseconds



- Note 1: The trigger signal will be removed by filtering if active pulse width of input trigger signal is less than "Line Debounce Time" setting time. Please input trigger signal has more than "Line Debounce Time" time active pulse width trigger signal.
- Note 2: Please refers "5.2.6 External Hardware Trigger Input Delay" for more details about "External hardware trigger delay".



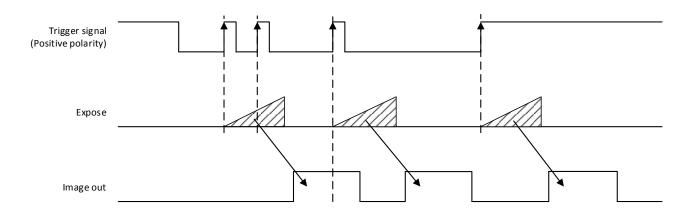
9.4 Edge Preset Trigger Mode (Trigger input while image is out)

In this trigger mode with positive polarity, the expose starts at rising edge of trigger signal. The exposure duration time is based on the preset exposure setting stored by camera setting communication.

In this trigger mode with negative polarity, the expose starts at falling edge of trigger signal. The exposure duration time is based on the preset exposure setting stored by camera setting communication.

However, if the trigger signal input while exposing with previous trigger signal or output image, trigger signal is disregard.

9.4.1 Timing



Note: The exposure time is "Exposure Time" on GenlCam setting.



10 Camera Functions

10.1 Save and load the camera settings

The camera has the camera setting save function, and camera setting including factory default loads function.

The camera has below two type of camera settings.

Default: The factory default settings (This setting cannot change)

UserSet X: Over writeable camera settings (X: 0 to 7)

These camera settings load from ROM to register in RAM on camera, and camera settings at register in RAM on camera save to ROM.

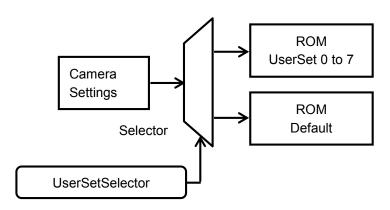
The camera settings saving and loading are controllable with Parameters ("UserSetSelector", "UserSetDefault"), and commands ("UserSetLoad", "UserSetSave") in "UserSetControl" category of GenlCam.

The details of the parameters and the functions are in the table below:

GenlCam Parameters

UserSetSelector	IEnumeration Type	Select "Default" or "UserSet X"	
		"UserSetLoad" or "UserSetSave" process for selected settings.	
UserSetLoad	ICommand Type	The camera settings load from ROM to register in RAM.	
UserSetSave	ICommand Type	The camera settings at register in RAM save to ROM.	
UserSetDefault	IEnumeration Type	Select which settings ("Default" or "UserSet X") load automatically when	
		camera power is on. This selection saves automatically.	

10.1.1 Saving Camera Settings



When executing "UserSetSave", camera settings at the register in RAM are saved to the ROM that is selected at "UserSetSelector".

Caution:

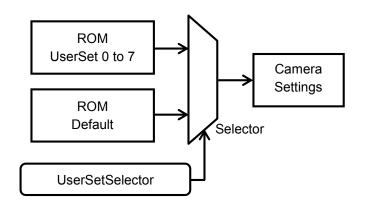
"UserSetSave" CANNOT execute when "Default" was selected at "UserSetSelector"

Setting Procedure

- 1. Selects "UserSet X" at "UserSetSelector"
- 2. Execute "UserSetSave"

OMRON

10.1.2 Loading Camera Settings

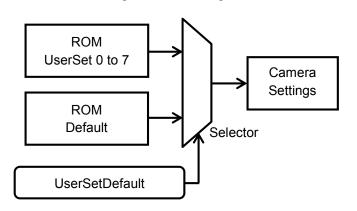


When executing "UserSetLoad", camera settings load from selected ROM that was selected at "UserSetSelector" to register at RAM.

Setting Procedure

- 1. Select "UserSet X" (or Default) at "UserSetSelector"
- 2. Execute "UserSetLoad"

10.1.3 Loading Camera Settings when Camera Power is on



When the camera power is on, camera settings load from selected ROM that was selected at "UserSetDefault" to register at RAM.

Setting Procedure

Set "UserSet X" or "Default" at "UserSetDefault"

10.1.4 Camera Settings Initialization

Please follow the procedure in below for camera settings put back to factory default settings.

Setting Procedure

- Selects "Default" at "UserSetSelector".
- 2. Executes "UserSetLoad".
- 3. Select "UserSet X" at "UserSetSelector".
- 4. Executes "UserSetSave".



10.2 Frame rate

This parameter sets the frame rare (fps) of output image from camera.

GenlCam Parameters

AcquisitionFrameRate	IFloat Type	Sets frame rate in Hz unit (*1)
		Range is changed with exposure time setting
		Default: 8.958878

^(*1) The approximate value of set value, sets to camera and display it.

10.3 Gain

The gain has Analog Gain, Digital Gain.

10.3.1 Analog Gain

This parameter sets analog gain.

Selects "AnalogAll" at "GainSelector", sets gain at "Gain".

GenlCam Parameters

GainSelector	IEnumeration Type	Selects control gain
		AnalogAll: Analog Gain
Gain	IFloat Type	Analog Gain
		Range: 0 to 208
		Default: 0

Analog Gain Formula

Gain (dB) = "Gain" / 10

10.3.2 Digital Gain

This parameter sets digital gain.

Selects "DigitalAll" at "GainSelector", sets gain at "Gain".

GenlCam Parameters

GainSelector	IEnumeration Type	Selects control gain
		DigitalAll: Digital Gain
DigitalGain	IFloat Type	Digital Gain
		Range: 0 to 255
		Default: 0

Digital Gain Formula

Gain (x times) = 1 + ("Digital Gain" / 128)



10.4 Exposure Time

This parameter sets variable exposure time.

The control method is selectable from

Manual exposure control, which uses preset exposure time.

Auto exposure control, which is maintain exposure time with brightness of target.

GenlCam Parameters

ExposureMode	IEnumeration Type	Exposure control selection
Lxposureiviode	including auton Type	· ·
		Selection: "Off" and "Timed"
		Off: Exposure time is "1 / Frame rate"
		Timed: Exposure time is "ExposureTime"
ExposureTime	IFloat Type	Exposure time (in µsecond) (*1)
[ExposureTime		Range: 1.000000 to 16,777,215.000000
Selector]		Default: 111,291.000000
ExposureAuto	IEnumeration Type	Auto exposure ON / OFF selection (*2)

^(*1) The approximate value of set value, sets to camera and display it.

10.5 Black Level

This parameter sets the black level (clamp level for black signal).

Sets the black level at "BlackLevel".

The lower limit of signal is clamped at this setting level. The signal does not lower than this.

BlackLevel	IFloat Type	Black Level
		Range:
		12bits output: 0 to 240
		10bits output: 0 to 60
		8bits output: 0 to 15
		Default: 0

^(*2) Please sets range of auto exposure control with "ExposureAutoLimitMin" and "ExposureAutoLimitMax" when using auto exposure control.



10.6 ALC (Auto Light Control)

ALC function has two control methods, which is AGC (Auto Gain Control) and auto shutter. The AGC and auto shutter can be set individually.

The camera parameters are adjusted to brightness of image is maintained with target brightness automatically with ALC function.

AGC or auto shutter have to set "On" to activate ALC function.

GenICam Parameters (for AGC and auto shutter)

AutoLuminanceTarget	IInteger Type	Target brightness
		Range: 0 to 255
		Default: 128
AutoLuminanceRegion	IEnumeration Type	ALC weight region to set area, position and weight
Selector		Selection: Region 0 to Region 8
AutoLuminanceWidth	IInteger Type	Width for selected ALC weight region
		Range: 4 to 4,096
		Default: 1,344 for all regions
AutoLuminanceHeight	IInteger Type	Height for selected ALC weight region
		Range: 2 to 3,000
		Default: 976 for all regions
AutoLuminance	IInteger Type	Horizontal offset for selected ALC weight region
OffsetX		Range: 0 to 4,092
		Default: 32 (Region 0, 3 and 6), 1,376 (Region 1, 4 and 7),
		2,720 (Region 2, 5 and 8)
AutoLuminance	IInteger Type	Vertical offset for selected ALC weight region
OffsetY		Range: 0 to 2,998
		Default: 36 (Region 0 to 2), 1,012 (Region 3 to 5), 1,988 (Region 6 to 8)
AutoLuminanceWeight	IInteger Type	Weight
		Range: 0 to 15
		Default: 1 * Sets 10 on Region 4 only
		Sets the weight for each weight area.
AutoLuminancePeak	IInteger Type	Importance ratio for the brightness peak at ALC control.
		Range: 0 to 255
		Default: 0



<u>Target Brightness Formula (AutoLuminanceTarget)</u>

12bits output: Target Brightness (Gradient) = "AutoLuminanceTarget" × 16 10bits output: Target Brightness (Gradient) = "AutoLuminanceTarget" × 4 8bits output: Target Brightness (Gradient) = "AutoLuminanceTarget"

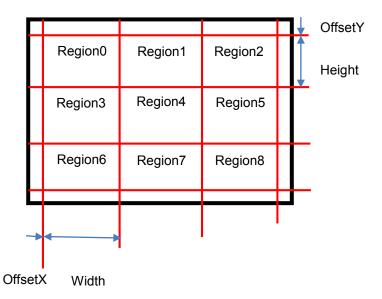
About the importance ratio for brightness peak at ALC control (AutoLuminancePeak)

When setting 0, Average: 100 %, Peak: 0 %. The ALC control with brightness average. When setting 255, Average: 0 %, Peak: 100 %. The ALC control with brightness peak. When setting 128, Average: 50 %, Peak: 50 %.

10.6.1 ALC control method

The ALC control with weight region 0 to 8.

The weight area setting parameters are in below:



The brightness average and peak calculate for each weight area.

The target brightness comparison value calculates with "AutoLuminancePeak", the brightness average and peak then compare with target brightness to define necessary brightness control (to dark or to bright). The brightness of image maintains to "AutoLuminanceTarget" with AGC and auto shutter functions.

If AGC and auto shutter are ON for ALC control, auto shutter function maintains brightness first. The AGC function maintains brightness if brightness cannot maintain to "AutoLuminanceTarget" with auto shutter.



10.6.2 AGC (Auto Gain Contorl)

The brightness of image maintains to keep target brightness with gain automatically. If the brightness of image is darker than target brightness, gain increases up to "GainAutoLimitMax". If the brightness of image is brighter than target brightness, gain decreases.

GainSelector	IEnumeration Type	Adjustable gain selection
		Selected gain can be adjusting by Gain[GainSelector].
		Please select "AnalogAll" when AGC is turned on.
		Selection: "AnalogAll" (analog gain) and "DigitalAll" (digital gain)
		Default: "AnalogAll"
Gain[GainSelector]	IFloat Type	Gain
		Selected gain at "GainSelector" is adjusting
		Analog gain:
		Range: 0 to 208
		Default: 0
		Digital gain:
		Range: 0 to 255
		Default: 0
		Analog gain cannot adjustable when AGC is turned on.
GainAuto	IEnumeration Type	AGC ON / OFF selection
[GainSelector]		Selection: "ON" (Continuous) and "OFF" (Off)
		Default: OFF
GainAutoLimitMin	IFloat Type	Minimum gain for AGC
[GainSelector]		Range: 0 to 208
		Default: 0
		This cannot be set greater than "GainAutoLimitMax"
GainAutoLimitMax	IFloat Type	Maximum gain for AGC
[GainSelector]		Range: 0 to 208
		Default: 208
		This cannot be set smaller than "GainAutoLimitMin"



10.6.3 Auto shutter

The brightness of image maintains to keep target brightness with shutter automatically. If the brightness of image is darker than target brightness, exposure time extends up to "ExposureAutoLimitMax".

If the brightness of image is brighter than target brightness, exposure time becomes shorter up to "ExposureAutoLimit Min".

GenlCam Parameters

ExposureAuto	IEnumeration Type	Auto shutter ON / OFF selection
		Selection: "ON" (Continuous), "OFF" (Off)
		Default: "OFF"
ExposureAutoLimitMin	IFloat Type	Minimum exposure time (in µsecond) for auto shutter
		Range: 1 to 16,777,215
		Default: 17
ExposureAutoLimitMax	IFloat Type	Maximum exposure time (in µsecond) for auto shutter
		Range: 1 to 16,777,215
		Default: 111,291

10.6.4 ALC settings procedure

ALC Settings Procedure

- 1. Sets "AutoLuminanceWidth", "AutoLuminanceHeight", "AutoLuminanceOffsetX", "AutoLuminanceOffset Y" and "AutoLuminanceWeight" for "AutoLuminanceRegion 0 to 8".
- 2. Sets "Continuous" for "GainAuto" when using AGC function.
- 3. Sets "GainAutoLimitMin" and "GainAutoLimitMax" when using AGC function.
- 4. Sets "Continuous" for "ExposureAuto" when using auto shutter function.
- 5. Sets "ExposureAutoLimit Min" and "ExposureAutoLimitMax" when using auto shutter function.
- 6. Sets "AutoLuminanceTarget".



10.7 White balance (Only available for color camera)

The color compensates with gain adjustment each color.

The gain for each color has to adjust each color has same brightness when taking flat white target.

The white balance control methods are listed in below:

OFF

Auto white balance

Push to set white balance

Preset 0 to 2

10.7.1White balance control methods

GenlCam Parameters

BalanceRatioSelector	IEnumeration Type	White balance control target color selection
		Selection: "Red", "Green" and "Blue"
BalanceRatio	IFloat Type	Color gain setting for color selects at "BalanceRatioSelector"
		Range: 0 to 255
BalanceWhiteAuto	IEnumeration Type	White balance control method selection.
		Selection: "Off", "Once", "Continuous", "Preset 0", "Preset 1" and
		"Preset 2"
		Default: "Off"

10.7.2White balance control method selection

OFF

The white balance with "BalanceRatio" setting for Red, Green and Blue.

If the white balance process is not necessary, please sets 0 for "BalanceRatio" for all colors.

White balance "OFF" setting procedure

1. Sets "Off" at "BalanceWhiteAuto".

Auto white balance

The optimized white balance gain calculates each frame for auto white balance.

Auto white balance setting procedure

1. Sets "Continuous" at "BalanceWhiteAuto".

Push to set white balance

The white balance gain adjusts once after select this white balance then set to "Balance Ratio" for all colors.

Sets "OFF" at "BalanceWhiteAuto" automatically after sets "Balance Ratio" for all colors.

Push to set white balance setting procedure

- 1. Sets the flat white target then acquires image.
- 2. Sets "Once" at "BalanceWhiteAuto".



Preset white balance 0 to 2

The camera has three preset manual white balances.

Preset white balance setting procedure

- 1. Selects "Preset0" to "Preset2" at "BalanceWhiteAuto".
- 2. Selects adjusting color from Red, Green or Blue at "BalanceRatioSelector".
- 3. Sets gain for selected adjusting color at "BalanceRatio".

The settings can be save into camera with "UserSetControl" function.



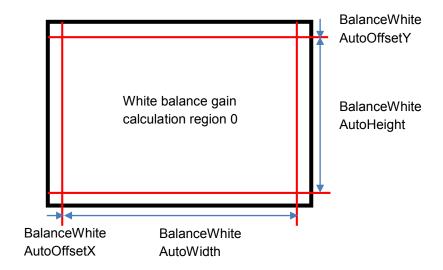
10.7.3White balance calculate region setting

The size and position for white balance gain calculation region are changeable.

GenlCam Parameters

BalanceWhiteAuto	IEnumeration Type	White balance gain calculation region selection
RegionSelector		Selection: Region 0
BalanceWhiteAuto	IInteger Type	Width (horizontal size, in pixel) for white balance gain calculation region
Width		Range: 1 to 4,096
		Default: 4,096
BalanceWhiteAuto	IInteger Type	Height (vertical size, in line) for white balance gain calculation region
Height		Range: 1 to 3,000
		Default: 3,000
BalanceWhiteAuto	IInteger Type	Horizontal offset (in pixel) for region 0
OffsetX		Range: 0 to 4,095
		Default: 0
BalanceWhiteAuto	IInteger Type	Vertical offset (in line) for region 0
OffsetY		Range: 0 to 2,999
		Default: 0

The white balance calculation region settings are like below:





10.8 Gamma correction

The gamma correction is changeable.

GenlCam Parameters

Gamma	IFloat Type	Gamma correction
		Range: 0 to 4.0
		Default: 1.0

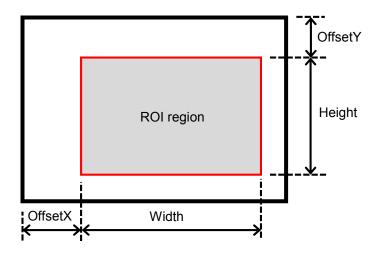
10.9 ROI (Region of Interest)

The specified region of image can be output from camera with ROI function.

GenlCam Paramters

	11013	
Width	IInteger Type	Width (horizontal size) of output image (in pixel)
		Range: 264 to 4,096
		Default: 4,096
		Adjustable steps: 8
		("Width" + "OffsetX") should not exceeded maximum width.
Height	IInteger Type	Height (vertical size) of output image (in line)
		Range: 4 to 3,000
		Default: 3,000
		Adjustable steps: 4
		("Height" + "OffsetY") should not exceeded maximum height.
OffsetX	IInteger Type	Horizontal offset for output image (in pixel)
		Range: 0 to 3,832
		Default: 0
		Adjustable steps: 8
OffsetY	IInteger Type	Vertical offset for output image (in line)
		Range: 0 to 2,996
		Default: 0
		Adjustable steps: 4

The ROI region settings are below:





10.10 Pixel Format

The image format from camera can be set on PixelFormat.

GenlCam Parameters

PixelFormat	IEnumeration Type	Pixel Format

The following chart shows the available Pixel Formats on camera:

Output Bits	Pixel Format		
	Monochrome Camera	Color Camera	
	STC-MBS122BPOE	STC-MCS122BPOE	
8bits	Mono8	Mono8	BayerRG8
10bits	Mono10	Mono10	BayerRG10
10bits Packed	Mono10Packed	Mono10Packed	BayerRG10Packed
12bits	Mono12	Mono12	BayerRG12
12bits Packed	Mono12Packed	Mono12Packed	BayerRG12Packed
8bits x 3 N/A		RGB8	

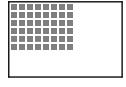
Each format specified on GenlCam PFNC (Pixel Format Naming Convention).

10.11 Decimation

When using Decimation mode, the decimated image can be output.

The images below show decimated pixels (red squares) where they are output.

<STC-MBS122BPOE>



0-0-0-0





Decimation X (OFF), Y (OFF)

Decimation X (ON), Y (ON)

Decimation X (OFF), Y (OFF)

Decimation X (ON), Y (ON)

DecimationHorizontal	IInteger Type	r Type Sets decimation on horizontal direction	
		Selection: 1: Disable Decimation, 2: Decimate one of two pixels	
		Default: Disable Decimation	
DecimationVertical	IInteger Type	Sets decimation on vertical direction	
		Selection: 1: Disable Decimation, 2: Decimate one of two pixels	
		Default: Disable Decimation	

^(*1) Decimation cannot change horizontal only or vertical only. Selection applies for horizontal and vertical.

^(*2) It is necessary to change exposure time (to shorten exposure time), to increase frame rate when using Decimation.



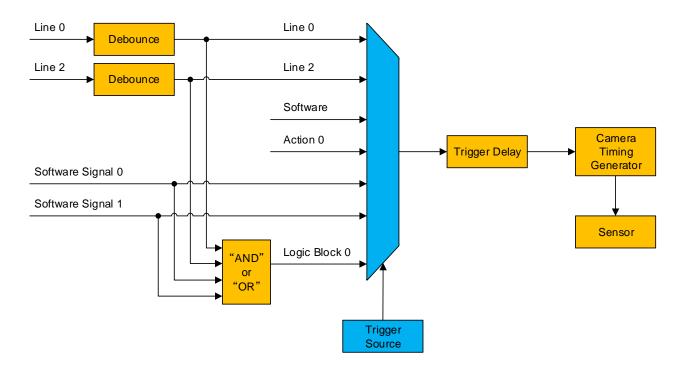
10.12 Trigger

The trigger type (trigger source) is selectable at "TriggerSource" under "AcquisitionControl". The trigger type (trigger source) is listed in below table.

Software	Software trigger generates by "TriggerSoftware"	
SoftwareSignal0	Software trigger generates by "SoftwareSignalControl"	
SoftwareSignal1	Software trigger generates by "SoftwareSignalControl"	
Action0	Action command trigger	
Line0	Hardware trigger through "Line0"	
Line2	Hardware trigger through "Line2"	
LogicBlock0	Trigger generates by "LogicBlockControl"	
	Please refers "Trigger signal processing procedure" for more details	

10.12.1 Trigger signal processing procedure

The camera internal process for external hardware trigger signal or software trigger signal input is below:



The trigger signal is selectable by GenlCam commands.

TriggerSource: select trigger type



10.13 Image Flip

The horizontal flip image can be selected by "ReverseX". The vertical flip image can be selected by "ReverseY".

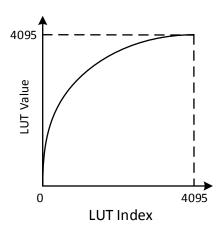
GenlCam Parameters

ReverseX	IBoolean Type	Horizontal flip image ON / OFF selection	
		Selection: "False" (Horizontal flip is Off), "True" (Horizontal flip is On)	
		Default: "False" (Horizontal flip is Off)	
ReverseY	IBoolean Type	Vertical flip image ON / OFF selection	
		Selection: "False" (Vertical flip is Off), "True" (Vertical flip is On)	
		Default: "False" (Vertical flip is Off)	

10.14 LUT Control

The output signal assigned table for input signal.

LUTSelector	IEnumeration Type	Control LUT selection (Luminance is only selectable)	
		Default: Luminance	
LUTEnabled	IBoolean Type	LUT ON / OFF selection	
LUTIndex	IInteger Type	Index for LUT	
		Range: 0 to 4,095	
LUTValue	IInteger Type	The output value for input value that specifies by index	
		Range: 0 to 4,095	



e.g. LUT usage (low brightness level enhancement)



10.15 Flat Field Correction Function

Flat Flied Correction (FFC) function is correcting shading on image that caused by characteristics of lens (amount of through light difference at center and edge of lens) and characteristics of light (uneven brightness level).

This function is supported by StViewer in SentechSDK (v1.1.1 or later).

The shading on image is correcting by using FFC correcting value for each pixel of image.

FFC correcting value for FFC function is calculate by following methods.

- FFC correcting value calculates automatically by StViwer in SentechSDK (v1.1.1 or later)
- FFC correcting value calculates from image data of multiple images.

Please refers below procedure for FFC function used by StViewer in SentechSDK (v1.1.1)

FFCEnable	IBoolean Type	FFC function ON /	OFF selection	
		Selection: "True" (0	On), "False" (Off)	
		Default: False		
		True: FFC applied	image is acquired.	
		False: None FFC a	applied image is acquired.	
FFCIndex	IInteger Type	The index of area f	for FFC function	
		Range: 0 to 12,254	4	
		0	128	
		12,126	12,254	
FFCValue	IInteger Type	The FFC value for	selected index area.	
		Range: 0 to 1,023		



10.15.1 FFC function procedure

FFC function procedure

- 1. Selects "Start calculating FFC correction values" under "File" on menu at "StViewer".
- 2. The FFC correction values calculate automatically. The image stops while FFC correction values are calculating.
- 3. When FFC correcting values are calculated, sets "True" at "FFC Enable" automatically and FFC function applied image are acquired.
- It is necessary to save FFC settings to memory on camera used by "UserSet Control".
 Please refers 10.1 Save and load the camera settings

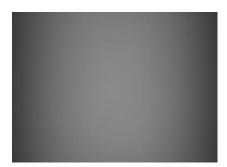






Image after apply FFC function

- * Note1: Please sets "OFF" for "Trigger mode" as free-run operation when using FFC function.
- * Note2: Please adjusts "Exposure Time" to acquiring "50%" brightness level of image when using FFC function.
- * Note3: Please uses FFC function again when changing lens or light source



10.16 Defective pixel correction

The selected position of defective pixel is correcting with adjacent pixel information.

The selected position of defective pixel of color camera is correcting with adjacent same color of pixel information.

PixelCorrectionAll	IBoolean Type	Defective pixel correction ON / OFF selection
		Selection: "True" (On), "False" (Off)
		Default: "True"
PixelCorrection	IBoolean Type	Defective pixel correction ON / OFF selection for selected index
Enabled		Selection: "True" (On), "False" (Off)
		Default: "False" (Off)
PixelCorrection	IInteger Type	Index for process defective pixel correction
Index		Range: 0 to 2,047
		Default: 0
PixelCorrectionX	IInteger Type	Horizontal position for selected index for process defective pixel correction
		Range: 0 to 4.095
		Default: 0
PixelCorrectionY	IInteger Type	Vertical position for selected index for process defective pixel correction
		Range: 0 to 2,999
		Default: 0



10.17 Counter And Timer Control

Controls "Timer" and "Counter".

A) Timer Control

GenlCam Parameters

TimerSelector	IEnumeration Type	Fixed as "Timer 0"	
TimerDelay	IFloat Type	Delay for "Timer 0 active" signal (in µsecond)	
		Range: 0 to 16,777,215	
		Default: 0	
TimerDuration	IFloat Type	Duration of "Timer 0 active" signal (in µsecond)	
		Range: 1 to 16,777,215	
		Default: 1	
TimerTrigger	IEnumeration Type	Reference signal selection to generate "Timer 0 active" signal	
Source		Default: "Off"	
TimerTrigger	IEnumeration Type	Polarity of reference signal to generate "Timer 0 active" signal	
Activation		Default: "RisingEdge"	
TimerValue	IFloat Type	Returns value for "Timer 0 active" signal	

When the timing of "Timer 0 active" signal is adjusting to active signal of Exposure, "Timer 0" can be used as strobe control signal.

B) Counter Control

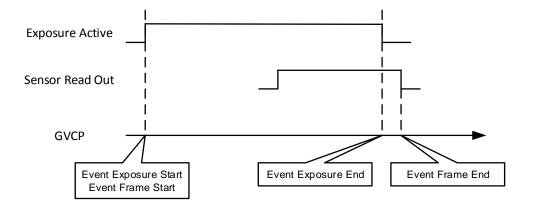
Compani Lalamotoro			
CounterSelector	IEnumeration Type	Counter selection	
		Default: "Counter 0"	
CounterEvent	IEnumeration Type	Counter event source selection	
Source			
CounterReset	IEnumeration Type	Reference signal selection to reset counter	
Source			
CounterReset	IEnumeration Type	Polarity of reference signal to reset counter	
Activation			
CounterReset	ICommand Type	Rest switch	
		"Activate as switch when selecting "Software" at "CounterResetSource"	
CounterValue	IInteger Type	Returns number of counter	



10.18 Event Control

The camera internal signal can be output as specified event information, like "exposure end", to PC used by GVCP (GigE Vision Control Protocol).

e.g. Event control Notified "Exposure End"



Event Selector	IEnumeration Type	Event notification selection	
		Selection: "Action Late", "Frame Trigger", "Exposure Start", "Exposure End",	
		"Frame Start", "Frame End", "Block Discard",	
		"Line 0 Input Rising Edge", "Line 0 Input Falling Edge",	
		"Line 2 Input Rising Edge" and "Line 2 Input Falling Edge"	
Event Notification	IEnumeration Type	Event notification ON / OFF selection	
		On: Enable event notification	
		Off: Disable event notification	



10.19 Chunk Control

This function is attached additional image information to image data.

For example, the exposure time and gain information do not include in image data itself. However, Chunk data transfers these parameters when image was acquiring.

GenlCam Parameters

ChunkModeActive	IBoolean Type	Chunk control ON / OFF selection
		Default: "False" (Off)
ChunkSelector	IEnumeration Type	Transfer Chunk data selection
		Selection: "Image", "Offset X", "Offset Y", "Width", "Height", "Pixel Format",
		"Gain", "Exposure Time", "Black Level", "Line Status All",
		"Device Temperature", "Timer Value" and "Counter Value"
ChunkEnable	IBoolean Type	Enable Chunk data that was selected at "Chunk Selector"
		Selection: "True" (Enable Chunk data) and "False" (Disable Chunk data)

10.20 Action Control

The multiple cameras control by one action signal.

ActionQueueSize	IInteger Type	Size of scheduled action command queue
ActionDeviceKey	IInteger Type	Control identifier of camera
ActionSelector	IInteger Type	Action command application selection
		Fixed as "0"
ActionGroupKey	IInteger Type	Action command applies camera
		* The camera executes action command when group key of action command
		and group key of camera is matched.
ActionGroupMask	IInteger Type	Select camera to apply action command
		Logical AND of Group Mask of camera and Group Mask of action command is 1
		for any bit of 32bits, camera executes action command.

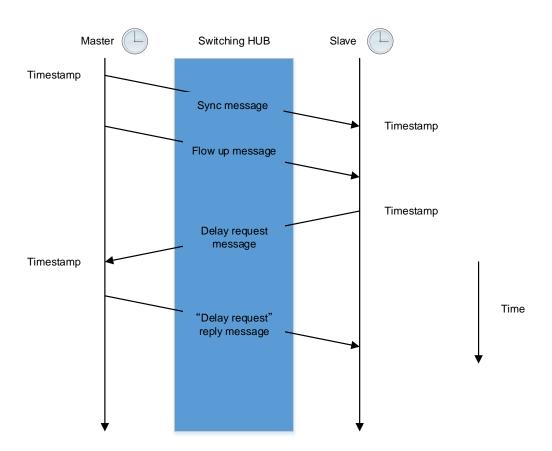


10.21 IEEE1588

Precision Time Protocol (PTP) is implemented on camera, is synchronized to "Master Clock" in same network automatically.

The camera supports IEEE 1588-2008 of PTP Version 2. The accuracy of time (Timestamp) synchronized is different based on network system configuration.

- 1) BMC (Best Master Clock) function
 - BMC function is implemented on camera. The most accurate clock in same network is defined as "Master Clock" then time (Timestamp) synchronizes. If there are more than two devices has most accurate clock in same network, clock of smallest MAC address device is defined as "Master Clock".
- E2E (End-to-End) Transparent Clock
 The camera supports E2E method. Time difference is correcting by blow algorithm



The master device and slave device exchange message included Timestamp.

Defined delay between master device and slave device by comparing these messages.

If time difference between master device and slave device is occurred, adjust internal clock of slave device to synchronize to master device.

Synchronize clock regularly to correcting time drift.



3) How to use PTP

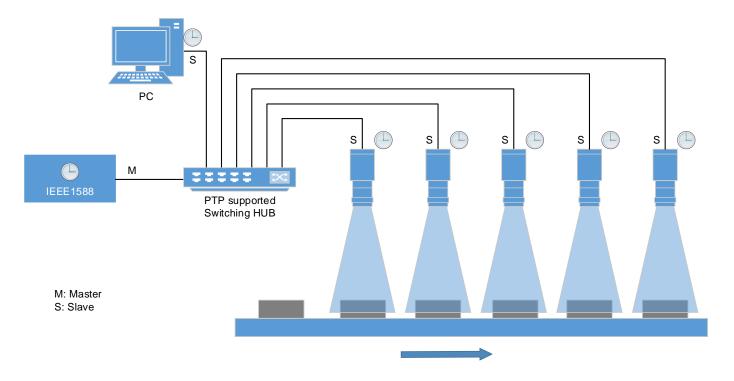
Selects "True" at GevIEEE1588 then synchronize camera time to "Master Clock" (synchronize time is different depending on system). The camera is ready for action command after synchronize to "Master Clock".

4) Synchronized exposure for trigger mode

When action command generating, action command is broadcasting to each camera and camera starts exposing.

Synchronized exposure does not secure if action command does NOT include Timestamp. If action command includes Timestamp, action command will be scheduled automatically and each camera start exposing at same time.

ActionControl setting is required when action command generating.



e.g. PTP configuration



11 GenlCam command

11.1 DeviceControl

Name	Description
DeviceType	Returns the device type.
DeviceScanType	Scan type of the sensor of the device.
DeviceVendorName	Name of the manufacturer of the device.
DeviceModelName	Model of the device.
DeviceFamilyName	Identifier of the product family of the device.
DeviceManufacturerInfo	Manufacturer information about the device.
DeviceVersion	Version of the device.
DeviceHardwareVersion	Version of the hardware in the device.
DeviceFirmwareVersion	Version of the firmware in the device.
DeviceSerialNumber	Device's serial number.
DeviceUserID	User-programmable device identifier.
DeviceSFNCVersionMajor	Major version of the Standard Features Naming Convention that was
	used to create the device's GenlCam XML.
DeviceSFNCVersionMinor	Minor version of the Standard Features Naming Convention that was
D. i. OFNOV. viv. O. I.Mir.	used to create the device's GenICam XML.
DeviceSFNCVersionSubMinor	Sub minor version of Standard Features Naming Convention that was
Douise Manifest Fata Calastan	used to create the device's GenICam XML.
DeviceManifestEntrySelector	Selects the manifest entry to reference.
DeviceManifestXMLMajorVersion	Indicates the major version number of the GenlCam XML file of the
	selected manifest entry.
DeviceManifestXMLMinorVersion	Indicates the minor version number of the GenICam XML file of the
	selected manifest entry.
DeviceManifestXMLSubMinorVersion	Indicates the sub minor version number of the GenlCam XML file of the
	selected manifest entry.
DeviceManifestSchemaMajorVersion	Indicates the major version number of the schema file of the selected
	manifest entry.
DeviceManifestSchemaMinorVersion	Indicates the minor version number of the schema file of the selected manifest entry.
DeviceTLType	Transport Layer type of the device.
DeviceTLVersionMajor	Major version of the Transport Layer of the device.
DeviceTLVersionMinor	Minor version of the Transport Layer of the device.
DeviceTLVersionSubMinor	Sub minor version of the Transport Layer of the device.
DeviceMaxThroughput	Maximum bandwidth of the data that can be streamed out of the
	device.
DeviceLinkSelector	Selects which Link of the device to control.



Name	Description
DeviceLinkSpeed	Indicates the speed of transmission negotiated on the specified Link.
[DeviceLinkSelector]	
DeviceLinkHeartbeatTimeout	Controls the current heartbeat timeout of the specific Link.
[DeviceLinkSelector]	
DeviceLinkCommandTimeout	Indicates the command timeout of the specified Link.
[DeviceLinkSelector]	
DeviceStreamChannelCount	Indicates the number of streaming channels supported by the device.
DeviceStreamChannelSelector	Selects the stream channel to control.
DeviceStreamChannelType	Reports the type of the stream channel.
[DeviceStreamChannelSelector]	
DeviceStreamChannelEndianness	Endianness of multi-byte pixel data for this stream.
[DeviceStreamChannelSelector]	
DeviceEventChannelCount	Indicates the number of event channels supported by the device.
DeviceCharacterSet	Character set used by the strings of the device's bootstrap registers.
DeviceReset	Resets the device to its power up state.
DeviceRegistersStreamingStart	Prepare the device for registers streaming without checking for
	consistency.
DeviceRegistersStreamingEnd	Announce the end of registers streaming.
DeviceRegistersEndianness	Endianness of the registers of the device.
DeviceTemperatureSelector	Selects the location within the device, where the temperature will be
	measured.
DeviceTemperature	Device temperature in degrees Celsius (C).
[DeviceTemperatureSelector]	
TimestampReset	Resets the current value of the device timestamp counter.
TimestampLatch	Latches the current timestamp counter into Timestamp Latch Value.
TimestampLatchValue	Returns the latched value of the timestamp counter.
DeviceUserMemory	Read / Write the user data from / to the non-volatile memory.



11.2 ImageFormatControl

Name	Description
SensorWidth	Effective width of the sensor in pixels.
SensorHeight	Effective height of the sensor in pixels.
SensorShutterMode	Sets the shutter mode of the device.
WidthMax	Maximum width of the image (in pixels).
HeightMax	Maximum height of the image (in pixels).
DecimationHorizontal	Horizontal sub-sampling of the image.
DecimationVertical	Vertical sub-sampling of the image.
RegionSelector	Selects the Region of interest to control.
RegionMode [RegionSelector]	Controls if the selected Region of interest is active and streaming.
Width [RegionSelector]	Width of the image provided by the device (in pixels).
Height [RegionSelector]	Height of the image provided by the device (in pixels).
OffsetX [RegionSelector]	Horizontal offset from the origin to the region of interest (in pixels).
OffsetY [RegionSelector]	Vertical offset from the origin to the region of interest (in pixels).
PixelFormat	Format of the pixels provided by the device.
PixelSize	Total size in bits of a pixel of the image.
PixelColorFilter	Type of color filter that is applied to the image.
ReverseX	Flip horizontally the image sent by the device.
ReverseY	Flip vertically the image sent by the device.
TestPatternGeneratorSelector	Selects which test pattern generator is controlled by the Test Pattern feature.
TestPattern	Selects the type of test pattern that is generated by the device as
[TestPatternGeneratorSelector]	image source.
TestPatternInputValue	Test Pattern Input Value
[TestPatternGeneratorSelector]	



11.3 AcquisitionControl

Name	Description
AcquisitionMode	Sets the acquisition mode of the device.
AcquisitionStart	Starts the Acquisition of the device.
AcquisitionStop	Stops the Acquisition of the device at the end of the current Frame.
AcquisitionFrameCount	Number of frames to acquire in Multi Frame Acquisition mode.
AcquisitionFrameRate	Controls the acquisition rate (in Hertz) at which the frames are captured.
TriggerSelector	Selects the type of trigger to configure.
TriggerMode [TriggerSelector]	Controls if the selected trigger is active.
TriggerSoftware [TriggerSelector]	Generates an internal trigger.
TriggerSource [TriggerSelector]	Specifies the internal signal or physical input Line to use as the trigger source.
TriggerActivation [TriggerSelector]	Specifies the activation mode of the trigger.
TriggerDelay [TriggerSelector]	Specifies the delay in microseconds (us) to apply after the trigger reception before activating it.
ExposureMode	Sets the operation mode of the Exposure.
ExposureTimeSelector	Selects which exposure time is controlled by the Exposure Time feature.
ExposureTime	Sets the Exposure time when Exposure Mode is Timed and Exposure
[ExposureTimeSelector]	Auto is Off.
ExposureAuto	Sets the automatic exposure mode when Exposure Mode is Timed.
ExposureAutoLimitMin	Determine the lower limit of exposure time when Exposure Auto is set to Continuous.
ExposureAutoLimitMax	Determine the upper limit of exposure time when Exposure Auto is set to Continuous.



11.4 AnalogControl

Name	Description
GainSelector	Selects which Gain is controlled by the various Gain features.
Gain [GainSelector]	Controls the selected gain as an absolute physical value.
GainAuto [GainSelector]	Sets the automatic gain control (AGC) mode.
GainAutoLimitMin [GainSelector]	Determine the lower limit of gain when Gain Auto is set to Continuous.
GainAutoLimitMax [GainSelector]	Determine the upper limit of gain when Gain Auto is set to Continuous.
AutoLuminanceTarget	Target brightness for auto luminance control.
AutoLuminanceRegionSelector	Select the area for auto luminance control.
AutoLuminanceWidth	Determine width of targeted region for auto luminance control.
[AutoLuminanceRegionSelector]	
AutoLuminanceHeight	Determine height of targeted region for auto luminance control.
[AutoLuminanceRegionSelector]	
AutoLuminanceOffsetX	Determine X offset of targeted region for auto luminance control.
[AutoLuminanceRegionSelector]	Determine V offset of terreted assists for suitable size and a
AutoLuminanceOffsetY	Determine Y offset of targeted region for auto luminance control.
[AutoLuminanceRegionSelector]	Weight of the gree determined by Auto Luminenes Degion Colector for
AutoLuminanceWeight	Weight of the area determined by Auto Luminance Region Selector for auto luminance control.
[AutoLuminanceRegionSelector] AutoLuminancePeak	Ratio of peak and average for auto luminance control.
BlackLevelSelector	Selects which Black Level is controlled by the various Black Level
District and IDIstrict and Only start	features.
BlackLevel [BlackLevelSelector]	Controls the analog black level as an absolute physical value.
DigitalGainOffsetMode	Digital Gain Offset Mode is enabled.
BalanceRatioSelector	Selects which Balance ratio to control. (STC-MCS122BPOE)
BalanceRatio [BalanceRatioSelector]	Controls ratio of the selected color component to a reference color
Dalama Milita A. I.	component. (STC-MCS122BPOE)
BalanceWhiteAuto	Controls the mode for automatic white balancing between the color
BalanceWhiteAutoRegionSelector	channels. (STC-MCS122BPOE) Select the area for auto white balance. (STC-MCS122BPOE)
BalanceWhiteAutoWidth	Determine width of targeted region for auto white balance.
[BalanceWhiteAutoRegionSelector]	(STC-MCS122BPOE)
BalanceWhiteAutoHeight	Determine height of targeted region for auto white balance.
[BalanceWhiteAutoRegionSelector]	(STC-MCS122BPOE)
BalanceWhiteAutoOffsetX	Determine X offset of targeted region for auto white balance.
[BalanceWhiteAutoRegionSelector]	(STC-MCS122BPOE)
BalanceWhiteAutoOffsetY	Determine Y offset of targeted region for auto white balance.
[BalanceWhiteAutoRegionSelector]	(STC-MCS122BPOE)
Gamma	Controls the gamma correction of pixel intensity.



11.5 LUTControl

Name	Description
LUTSelector	Selects which LUT to control.
LUTEnable [LUTSelector]	Activates the selected LUT.
LUTIndex [LUTSelector]	Control the index (offset) of the coefficient to access in the selected LUT.
LUTValue [LUTSelector] [LUTIndex]	Returns the Value at entry LUT Index of the LUT selected by LUT Selector.
LUTValueAll [LUTSelector]	Accesses all the LUT coefficients in a single access without using individual LUT Index.
PixelCorrectionAllEnabled	Enable pixel correction for all pixels.
PixelCorrectionIndex	Determine index of targeted pixel for pixel correction.
PixelCorrectionEnabled	Determine if targeted pixel is enabled for pixel correction.
[PixelCorrectionIndex]	
PixelCorrectionX [PixelCorrectionIndex]	Determine x-coordinate of targeted pixel for pixel correction.
PixelCorrectionY [PixelCorrectionIndex]	Determine y-coordinate of targeted pixel for pixel correction.

11.6 Flat Field Correction Control

Name	Description
FFCSelector	Selects which Correction is controlled by the FFC features.
FFCType [FFCSelector]	Returns the FFC type.
FFCMeshWidth [FFCSelector]	Returns the Width of every mesh area for FFC table.
FFCMeshHeight [FFCSelector]	Returns the Height of every mesh area for FFC table.
FFCEnable [FFCSelector]	Activates the selected FFC.
FFCIndex [FFCSelector]	Control the index of the Value to access in the FFC table.
FFCValue [FFCSelector] [FFCIndex]	Returns the Value at entry FFC Index of the FFC table.
FFCValueAll [FFCSelector]	Accesses all the FFC table coefficients in a signal access without using
	individual FFC Index. This feature can only be accessed
	programmatically.



11.7 DigitalIOControl

Name	Description
LineSelector	Selects the physical line (or pin) of the external device connector or the
	virtual line of the Transport Layer to configure.
LineMode [LineSelector]	Controls if the physical Line is used to Input or Output a signal.
LineFormat [LineSelector]	Controls the current electrical format of the selected physical input or
	output Line.
LineSource [LineSelector]	Selects which internal acquisition or I/O source signal to output on the
	selected Line.
LineInverter [LineSelector]	Controls the inversion of the signal of the selected input or output Line.
LineDebounceTime [LineSelector]	Sets the value of the input line debouncer time.
LineStatus [LineSelector]	Returns the current status of the selected input or output Line.
LineStatusAll	Returns the current status of all available Line signals at time of polling
	in a single bitfield.
UseOutputSelector	Selects which bit of the User Output register will be set by User Output
	Value.
UseOutputValue [UseOutputSelector]	Sets the value of the bit selected by User Output Selector.

11.8 LogicBlockControl

Name	Description
LogicBlockSelector	Specifies the Logic Block to configure.
LogicBlockFunction [LogicBlockSelector]	Selects the combinational logic Function of the Logic Block to
	configure.
LogicBlockInputNumber	Specifies the number of active signal inputs of the Logic Block.
[LogicBlockSelector]	
LogicBlockInputSelector	Selects the Logic Block's input to configure.
[LogicBlockSelector]	
LogicBlockInputSource	Selects the source signal for the input into the Logic Block.
[LogicBlockSelector]	
[LogicBlockInputSelector]	
LogicBlockInputInverter	Selects if the selected Logic Block Input source signal is inverted.
[LogicBlockSelector]	
[LogicBlockInputSelector]	

11.9 SoftwareSignalControl

Name	Description
SoftwareSignalSelector	Selects which Software Signal features to control.
SoftwareSignalPulse	Generates a pulse signal that can be used as a software trigger.
[SoftwareSignalSelector]	



11.10 CounterAndTimerControl

Name	Description
CounterSelector	Selects which Counter to configure.
CounterEventSource [CounterSelector]	Select the events that will be the source to increment the Counter.
CounterResetSource [CounterSelector]	Selects the signals that will be the source to reset the Counter.
CounterResetActivation [CounterSelector]	Selects the Activation mode of the Counter Reset Source signal.
CounterReset [CounterSelector]	Does a software reset of the selected Counter and starts it.
CounterValue [CounterSelector]	Reads or writes the current value of the selected Counter.
TimerSelector	Selects which Timer to configure.
TimerDuration [TimerSelector]	Sets the duration (in microseconds) of the Timer pulse.
TimerDelay [TimerSelector]	Sets the duration (in microseconds) of the delay to apply at the
	reception of a trigger before starting the Timer.
TimerTriggerSource [TimerSelector]	Selects the source of the trigger to start the Timer.
TimerTriggerActivation [TimerSelector]	Selects the activation mode of the trigger to start the Timer.
TimerValue [TimerSelector]	Reads or writes the current value (in microseconds) of the selected Timer.



11.11 EventControl

Name	Description
EventSelector	Selects which Event to signal to the host application.
EventNotification [EventSelector]	Activate or deactivate the notification to the host application of the
	occurrence of the selected Event.
EventTestData	Category that contains all the data features related to the Event Test
	generated using the Test Event Generate command.
EventExposureStartData	Category that contains all the data features related to the Exposure
	Start Event.
EventExposure EndData	Category that contains all the data features related to the Exposure
	End Event.
EventFrameTriggerData	Category that contains all the data features related to the Frame
	Trigger Event.
EventFrameStartData	Category that contains all the data features related to the Frame Start
	Event.
EventFrameEndData	Category that contains all the data features related to the Frame End
	Event.
EventLine0RisingEdgeData	Category that contains all the data features related to the Line0 Rising
	Edge Event.
EventLine0FallingEdgeData	Category that contains all the data features related to the Line0 Falling
	Edge Event.
EventLine2RisingEdgeData	Category that contains all the data features related to the Line2 Rising
	Edge Event.
EventLine2FallingEdgeData	Category that contains all the data features related to the Line2 Falling
	Edge Event.
EventBlockDiscardData	Category that contains all the data features related to the Block
	Discard Event.
EventActionLateData	Category that contains all the data features related to the Action Late
	Event.

11.12 UserSetControl

Name	Description
UserSetSelector	Selects the feature User Set to load, save or configure.
UserSetLoad [UserSetSelector]	Loads the User Set specified by User Set Selector to the device and makes it active.
UseSetSave [UserSetSelector]	Save the User Set specified by User Set Selector to the non-volatile memory of the device.
UserSetDefault	Selects the feature User Set to load and make active by default when the device is reset.



11.13 ChunkDataControl

Name	Description
ChunkModeActive	Activates the inclusion of Chunk data in the payload of the image.
ChunkSelector	Selects which Chunk to enable or control.
ChunkEnable [ChunkSelector]	Enables the inclusion of the selected Chunk data in the payload of the image.
ChunkCounterSelector	Selects which counter to retrieve data from.
ChunkCounterValue [ChunkCounterSelector]	Returns the value of the selected Chunk counter.
ChunkGainSelector	Selects which Gain to return.
ChunkGain [ChunkGainSelector]	Returns the gain used to capture the image.
ChunkBlackLevelSelector	Selects which Black Level to return.
ChunkBlackLevel [ChunkBlackLevelSelector]	Returns the black level used to capture the image included in the payload.
ChunkExposureTimeSelector	Selects which Exposure Time to return.
ChunkExposureTime [ChunExposureTimeSelector]	Returns the exposure time used to capture the image.
ChunkLineStatusAll	Returns the status of all the I/O lines at the time of the Frame Start internal event.
ChunkTimerSelector	Selects which timer to retrieve data from.
ChunkTimerValue [ChunkTimerSelector]	Returns the value of the selected Timer.
ChunkDeviceTemperature	Indicates the value of the temperature when the image was acquired.

11.14 ActionControl

Name	Description
ActionDeviceKey	Provides the device key that allows the device to check the validity of action commands.
ActionQueueSize	Indicates the size of the scheduled action commands queue.
ActionSelector	Selects to which Action Signal further Action settings apply.
ActionGroupMask [ActionSelector]	Provides the mask that the device will use to validate the action on reception of the action protocol message.
ActionGroupKey [ActionSelector]	Provides the key that the device will use to validate the action on
	reception of the action protocol message.



11.15 FileAccessControl

Name	Description		
FileSelector	Selects the target file in the device.		
FileOperationSelector [FileSelector] Selects the target operation for the selected file in the d			
FileOperationExecute	Executes the operation selected by File Operation Selector on the		
[FileSelector] [FileOperationSelector]	selected file.		
FileOpenMode [FileSelector]	Selects the access mode in which a file is opened in the device.		
FileAccessBuffer	Defines the intermediate access buffer that allows the exchange of		
	data between the device file storage and the application.		
FileAccessOffset	Controls the Offset of the mapping between the device file storage and		
[FileSelector] [FileOperationSelector]	the File Access Buffer.		
FileAccessLength	Controls the Length of the mapping between the device file storage		
[FileSelector] [FileOperationSelector]	and the File Access Buffer		
FileOperationStatus	Represents the file operation execution status.		
[FileSelector] [FileOperationSelector]			
FileOperationResult	Represents the file operation result.		
[FileSelector] [FileOperationSelector]			
FileSize [FileSelector]	Represents the size of the selected file in bytes.		

11.16 TestControl

Name	Description
TestPendingAck	Tests the device's pending acknowledge feature.
TestEventGenerate	Generates a Test Event.



11.17 TransportLayerControl

Name	Description	
PayloadSize	Provides the number of bytes transferred for each image or chunk on	
	the stream channel.	
PtpEnable	Enable the Precision Time Protocol (PTP).	
PtpClockAccuracy	Indicate the expected accuracy of the device PTP clock when it is the	
	grandmaster, or in the event it becomes the grandmaster.	
PtpDataSetLatch	Latches the current values from the device's PTP clock data set.	
PtpStatus	Returns the latched state of the PTP clock.	
PtpOffsetFromMaster	The latched offset from the PTP master clock in nanoseconds.	
PtpClockID	The latched clock ID of the PTP device. PTP Parent Clock ID.	
PtpParentClockID	The latched parent clock ID of the PTP device. The parent clock ID is	
,	the clock ID of the current master clock.	
PtpGrandmasterClockID	The latched grandmaster clock ID of the PTP device. The grandmaster	
T	clock ID is the clock ID of the current grandmaster clock.	
GevSupportedOptionSelector	Selects the GEV option to interrogate for existing support.	
GevSupportedOption	Returns if the selected GEV option is supported.	
[GevSupportedOptionSelector]		
GevInterfaceSelector	Selects which logical link to control.	
GevMACAddress [GevInterfaceSelector]	MAC address of the logical link.	
GevCurrentIPConfigurationLLA	Controls whether the Link Local Address IP configuration scheme is	
[GevInterfaceSelector]	activated on the given logical link.	
GevCurrentIPConfigurationDHCP	Controls whether the DHCP IP configuration scheme is activated on	
[GevInterfaceSelector]	the given logical link.	
GevCurrentIPConfigurationPersistentIP	Controls whether the Persistent IP configuration scheme is activated	
[GevInterfaceSelector]	on the given logical link.	
GevCurrentIPAddress	Reports the IP address for the given logical link.	
[GevInterfaceSelector]		
GevCurrentSubnetMask	Reports the subnet mask of the given logical link.	
[GevInterfaceSelector]		
GevCurrentDefaultGateway	Reports the default gateway IP address to be used on the given logical	
[GevInterfaceSelector]	link.	
GevIPConfigurationStatus	Reports the current IP configuration status.	
[GevInterfaceSelector]		
GevPersistentIPAddress	Controls the Persistent IP address for this logical link.	
[GevInterfaceSelector]		
GevPersistentSubnetMask	Controls the Persistent subnet mask associated with the Persistent IP	
[GevInterfaceSelector]	address on this logical link.	
GevPersistentDefaultGateway	Controls the persistent default gateway for this logical link.	
[GevInterfaceSelector]		
GevGVCPExtendedStatusCodesSelector	Selects the GigE Vision version to control extended status codes for.	



Name	Description	
GevGVCPExtendedStatusCodes	Enables the generation of extended status codes.	
[GevGVCPExtendedStatusCodesSelector]		
GevGVCPPendingAck	Enables the generation of PENDING_ACK.	
GevPrimaryApplicationSwitchoverKey	Controls the key to use to authenticate primary application switchover	
	requests.	
GevGVCPExpendedIDMode	Enables the extended IDs mode.	
GevCCP	Controls the device access privilege of an application.	
GevPrimaryApplicationSocket	Returns the UDP source port of the primary application.	
GevPrimaryApplicationIPAddress	Returns the address of the primary application.	
GevMCPHostPort	Controls the port to which the device must send messages.	
GevMCDA	Controls the destination IP address for the message channel.	
GevMCTT	Provides the transmission timeout value in milliseconds.	
GevMCRC	Controls the number of retransmissions allowed when a message	
	channel message times out.	
GevMCSP	This feature indicates the source port for the message channel.	
GevStreamChannelSelector	Selects the stream channel to control.	
GevSCPInterfaceIndex	Index of the logical link to use.	
[GevStreamChannelSelector]		
GevSCPHostPort	Controls the port of the selected channel to which a GVSP transmi	
[GevStreamChannelSelector]	must send data stream or the port from which a GVSP receiver may	
	receive data stream.	
GevSCPSFireTestPacket	Sends a test packet.	
[GevStreamChannelSelector]		
GevSCPSDoNotFragment	The state of this feature is copied into the "do not fragment" bit of IP	
[GevStreamChannelSelector]	header of each stream packet.	
GevSCPSPacketSize	This GigE Vision specific feature corresponds to	
[GevStreamChannelSelector]	DeviceStreamChannelPacketSize and should be kept in sync with it.	
GevSCFTD [GevStreamChannelSelector]	Controls the delay (in GEV timestamp counter unit) to insert between	
	each packet for this stream channel.	
GevSCPD [GevStreamChannelSelector]	Controls the delay (in GEV timestamp counter unit) to insert between each frame for this stream channel.	
GevSCDA [GevStreamChannelSelector]	Controls the destination IP address of the selected stream channel to	
	which a GVSP transmitter must send data stream or the destination IP	
	address from which a GVSP receiver may receive data stream.	
GevSCSP [GevStreamChannelSelector]	Indicates the source port of the stream channel.	
	maloatoo ino ootiloo port of the off-call challing.	



12 Revision History

Rev	Date	Changes	Note
00	2019/09/25	New Document	

Note: Product specifications would be changed without notification.

GigE Vision is trademark of AIA. GenICam is trademark of EMVA.

Other company names and product names in this document are trademarks of their respective owners.



OMRON SENTECH CO., LTD.

19F, Ebina Prime Tower 9-50, Chuo 2 chome Ebina-city, Kanagawa 243-0432 Japan TEL 81-46-236-6660 FAX 81-46-236-6661 URL http://www.sentech.co.jp/